

DM 860H Two-phase stepping drive operating instruction

[Read this manual carefully before use to avoid damage to the drive]

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catalogue

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I. Product brief introduction

♦ summary

DM 860H Drive is a professional two-phase hybrid digital stepping motor drive, can be adapted to a variety of domestic and foreign brands, current in 7.2A and below, outer diameter 57,86mm four wire, six wire, eight wire two-phase hybrid stepping motor. Suitable for a variety of small and medium-sized automation equipment and instruments, such as: engraving machine, marking machine, cutting machine, laser phototypesetting, plotter, CNC machine tool, take and put device, etc. In the user expected high current, small noise, high subdivision operation of the equipment, the effect is particularly good.

♦ characteristic

Signal input: single end, pulse / direction Subdivision is optional: 2 / 4 / 8 / 16 / 32 / 64 / 128 / 5 / 10 / 20 / 25 / 40 / 50 / 100 / 125 subdivision output current: 2.0A-7.2A Input voltage: 24-110VDC / 18-80VAC AC / DC universal It can drive 4,6,8-line two-phase and four-phase stepping motors, and model 57 and 86 motors (<= 8 NM) with optical coupling isolation signal input, with strong antiinterference ability It has the functions of overheating, overcurrent, overcurrent, undervoltage locking, input voltage protection and so on Large volume heat sink, effective heat dissipation, convenient

installation

External signal 3.3-24V is common without series resistance

2. Introduction of interface and wiring

◆ signal input end

Т

PUL	Pulse input signal. The default pulse rise edge is valid. To
+ PUL	reliably respond to the pulse signal, the pulse width should
-	be greater than 1.2u s.
DIR + DIR -	Direction input signal, high / low level signal, to ensure the reliable redirection of the motor, the direction signal should be established before the pulse signal of at least 5u s. The initial running direction of the motor is related to the motor winding wiring. Changing any phase winding (e. g. A +, A-



	exchange) can change the initial running direction of the
	motor.
ENA + ENA -	Eninput signal (offline signal) to enable or prohibit drive output. When enabling, the driver will cut off the current of each phase of the motor to make the motor in a free state and does not respond to the step pulse. When this function is not required, the enabling signal terminal can be suspended.

◆ Motor winding connection

A +, A	Motor A-phase winding.
B +, B	Motor B-phase winding.



Power supply voltage connection

V C C	The DC power supply is positive. Range of 24,110 VDC / 18-80VAC.
G N D	The DC power supply is negative.

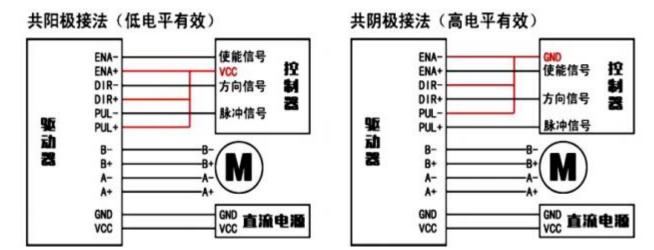
status indication

gre	Power supply indicator light, when the driver is powered on, the LED is always on; The LED is turned off when the drive is powered off.
	If the lamp is not on, please check whether the power wiring or use voltage is within the use range.
red	The fault indicator light is on when faulty; the red LED goes out when the fault is cleared by the user. Cause: ①

If the indicator light is completely out, the drive or has been damaged during use, please contact the manufacturer for repair.

 \blacklozenge mode of connection

There are two connection methods for the input signal interface, and the user can use the co-anode connection method or co-cathode connection method as needed.



pay attention to:

1. Do not share the VCC and GND of the controller and the drive in the picture.

2. The ENA terminal is not connected. When the ENA is valid, the motor rotor is in a free state (offline state), so you can manually turn the



motor rotating shaft to make the right adjustment for you. After the manual adjustment, set ENA to invalid to continue automatic control.

♦ wiring requirements

(1) In order to prevent the drive from being disturbed, it is recommended to use the shielding cable for the control signal, and the shielding layer is short connected to the ground line, only allowed at the same point in the same machine. If the grounding signal is not the real grounding line, the interference may be serious, and the shielding layer is not connected.

(2) Pulse and direction signal line and motor line and power line are not allowed to be wrapped side by side, it is best to separate at least 10cm, otherwise the motor noise is easy to interfere with the pulse direction signal to cause inaccurate motor positioning, system instability and other faults.

(3) If one power supply is supplied to multiple drives, a parallel connection should be adopted at the power supply, and it is not allowed to connect to one first and then to another first chain.

(4) It is strictly prohibited to unplug the power terminal of the drive. When the live motor stops, there is still a large current to flow through the coil. Unplug the power terminal will lead to a huge instantaneous induced electric motive force that will burn out the drive.

(5) It is strictly prohibited to tin the wire head to the terminal, otherwise the terminal may be damaged due to the large contact resistance.

(6) The wiring head should not be exposed outside the terminal, in case of accidental short circuit and damage to the drive.

3. Current, standby current, subdivision dial switch

The drive uses an eight-bit dial switch to set the subdivision and running current. Detailed descriptions are as follows:

SW 1, SW 2, SW 3	Drive current setting
Sw 4	Standby current setting
SW 5、SW 6、SW 7、SW 8	Subdivision precision setting

Operating (dynamic) current setting

Average current (A)	Peak current (A)	Sw 1	Sw 2	Sw 3
2.00	2.40	O N	O N	O N
2.57	3.08	0 FF	O N	O N
3.14	3.77	O N	0 FF	O N
3.71	4.45	0 FF	0 FF	O N

4.28	5.14	O N	O N	0 FF
4.86	5.83	0 FF	O N	0 FF
5.43	6.52	O N	0 FF	0 FF
6.00	7.20	0 FF	0 FF	0 FF

◆ Standby current setting

Standby current	Sw 4
FL	O N
semi-flow	0 FF

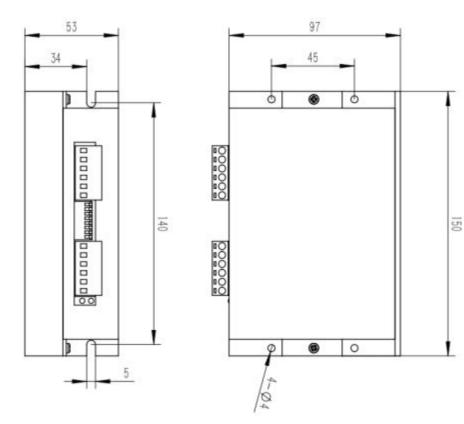
subdivision setting

pulse count	Sw 5	Sw 6	Sw 7	Sw 8
400	O N	O N	O N	O N
800	0 FF	ΟN	O N	O N
1600	O N	0 FF	O N	O N
3200	0 FF	0 FF	O N	O N
6400	O N	ΟN	0 FF	O N
12800	0 FF	O N	0 FF	O N
25600	O N	0 FF	0 FF	O N
1000	O N	O N	O N	0 FF
2000	0 FF	ΟN	O N	0 FF
4000	O N	0 FF	O N	0 FF
5000	0 FF	0 FF	O N	0 FF
8000	O N	O N	0 FF	0 FF
10000	0 FF	ΟN	0 FF	0 FF
20000	O N	0 FF	0 FF	0 FF
25000	0 FF	0 FF	0 FF	0 FF

Note: It cannot be dialed to gears not in the list.

V. Mechanical and environmental indicators

◆ mechanical installation diagram



 \blacklozenge Use of the environment and the parameters

cooling-down method		Natural cooling or forced air cooling
service environme nt	occas ion	Can not be placed next to other heating equipment, to avoid dust, oil, corrosive gas, humidity and strong earthquake places, prohibit combustible gas and conductive dust
	humid ity	40~90 % RH
	vibra te	10~55Hz /0.15mm
weight		550 grams

Five, the motor matching

DM 860H Drive can be used to drive two-phase, four-phase hybrid stepping motors, with step angles of 1.8 degrees and 0.9 degrees. The motor selection is mainly determined by the torque and rated current of the motor. The torque size is mainly determined by the motor size. Large size motor torque is larger; and the current size is mainly related to the inductance, small inductor motor high speed performance, but the current is larger.

♦ motor optional

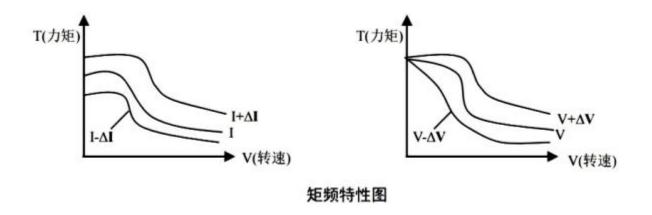
(1) Determine the load torque, transmission ratio working speed range T motor =C (J ϵ + T load)

J: moment of inertia of load ε: maximum angular acceleration of load C: safety factor, recommended value 1.2-1.4 T Load: maximum load torque, including active load, friction, transmission efficiency and other resistance torque (2) Which factors determine the output torque of the motor

For a given stepping motor and coil connection method, the output torque has the following characteristics:

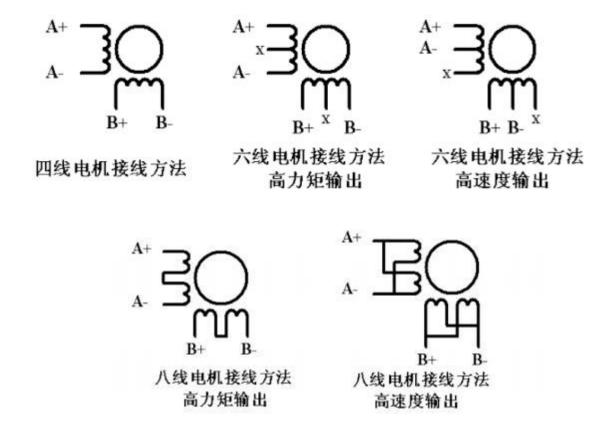
The greater the actual current of the motor, the greater the output torque, but the more the motor copper loss (P=I2R), the more the motor;
The higher the power supply voltage of the driver, the greater the high-speed torque of the motor;

ullet According to the characteristics of the moment and frequency of the stepping motor, the high speed is smaller than the medium and low speed torque.



◆ motor wiring

Two-phase 4,6,8 wire motor wiring, as shown in the figure below



◆ Selection of power supply voltage and output current

(1) Setting of the power supply voltage

Generally speaking, the higher the power supply voltage, the greater the torque when the motor is at high speed. The more you can avoid the loss caused by insufficient torque at high speed. But on the other hand, too high voltage will lead to overvoltage protection, the motor heat more, and may even damage the drive. When working at a high voltage, the vibration of the low-speed movement of the motor will be greater. (2) Set value of the output current

For the same motor, the greater the current setting value, the greater the output torque of the motor, but the heat of the motor and the driver is also more serious when the current is large. The specific amount of heat is not only related to the current setting value, but also related to the type of movement and residence time. The following setting method adopts the rated current value of the stepping motor as a reference, but the optimal value in the actual application should be adjusted on this basis. In principle, if the temperature is very low (<40°C), the current setting value may be appropriately increased to increase the output power of the motor (torque and high speed response).

Four-wire motor: the output current is set to be equal to or slightly greater than the rated current value of the motor;
Six-wire motor high torque mode: the output current is set at 50% of the rated current of the motor unipolar connection method;

Six-wire motor high-speed mode: the output current is set to 100% of the rated current of the motor unipolar connection method;
Eight-wire motor series connection method: the output current can

be set into 70% of the rated current of the motor unipolar connection method;

• Eight-wire motor parallel connection method: the output current can be set into 140% of the rated current of the motor unipolar connection method.

 \triangle Note: After the current is set, please run the motor for 15-30 minutes. If the temperature rise of the motor is too high (> 70°C), the current setting value should be reduced. Therefore, the general situation is to set the current into the motor long-term work when the warm but not hot value.

6. Common Q

◆ Common problems and handling methods in applications

phenomeno n	Possible problem	countermeasure
	The power lamp is not on	Normal-range power supply
	Current setting is too small	Select the appropriate current gear according to the rated current of the motor
The motor does not turn	The drive is protected	After troubleshooting, re-again
	The enable signal is low	This signal is raised or disconnected
	Control of the signal problem	2. Check whether the amplitude and width of the control signal meet the requirements. 2. The motor starts at high speed, and the controller signal should be accelerated and reduced. 3
Motor steering error	The motor wire is connected wrong	Two wires of the same phase of any switching motor (e.g. A +, A-switching wiring position)
	The motor line has an open circuit	Check and get it right
	The motor wire is connected wrong	Check the wiring
Alarm indicator light is on	High voltage or excessive overheat	Check the supply voltage; place for temperature drop before use
-	Damaged motor or driver	Replace the motor or driver
	The signal is disturbed	1. Eliminate the interference; 2. Do the shield line processing
Location is not allowed	The ded ground is not connected or not connected	Reliable grounding
	Subdivision error	Set the right subdivision
	Current is small	Increase current appropriately
	Control of the signal problem	Check that the control signal meets the timing requirements

The motor accelerates the blocking	The acceleration time is too short Motor torque is too small	Increase the acceleration time appropriately Select a large-torque motor
and rotation	Low voltage or too little current	Raise the voltage appropriately or set a larger current

7. Product warranty terms

♦ One Year Warranty

We provide one year warranty from delivery date for raw materials and process defects. During the warranty period, our company provides free maintenance service for the defective products.



 \blacklozenge Does not included in the warranty

• Inappropriate wiring, such as positive and negative power supply connection and power unplug

- Change the internal devices without permission
- Use beyond the electrical and environmental requirements
- Environmental heat dissipation is too poor

• Running with two motors at the same time