

## SAFETY DATA SHEET TIJ- 52SPRINTING INK

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name                    TIJ-52SPRINTING INK

Product number                TIJ-52S

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses                Printing ink.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier                        Inkminic Logo  
Technology (Guangzhou)  
CO., LTD

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone        For emergencies call +86 020 32954560

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards              Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards                Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards      Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains

N-Propanol, Acetone

## TIJ-52SPRINTING INK

Supplementary precautionary statements	P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P242 Use non-sparking tools. P243 Take action to prevent static discharges. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.
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### 2.3. Other hazards

None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

ethanol	<70%
CAS number: 64-17-5	EC number: 200-578-6
REACH registration number: 01-2119457610-43-XXXX	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	
N-Propanol	<20%
CAS number: 71-23-8	EC number: 200-746-9
REACH registration number: 01-2119486761-29-XXXX	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Dam. 1 - H318	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
tert-ALKYL(C12-C14)AMMONIUMbis[1-[2- & [5-(1,1 & ..., Mixture	<9%
EC No 403-720-7	
CAS number: 117527-94-3	EC number: 403-720-7
Classification	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
Acetone	<3%
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2
REACH registration number: 01-2119471330-49-XXXX	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	

## TIJ-52SPRINTING INK

4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

&lt;2%

CAS number: 123-42-2

EC number: 204-626-7

REACH registration number: 01-2119473975-21-XXXX

## Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN: Rinse immediately with plenty of water.
Eye contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
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### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Carbon monoxide (CO).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

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Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.
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#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
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#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.
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#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Flammable/combustible materials. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep containers upright. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
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Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.
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#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
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### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

## TIJ-52SPRINTING INK

### Occupational exposure limits

ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

N-Propanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 500 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 625 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Sk

Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 75 ppm 362 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

### ethanol (CAS: 64-17-5)

DNEL

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg/day

PNEC

- Fresh water; 0.96 mg/l
- marine water; 0.79 mg/l
- Intermittent release; 2.75 mg/l
- STP; 580 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 3.6 mg/kg
- Sediment (Marinewater); 2.9
- Soil; 0.63 mg/kg

### N-Propanol (CAS: 71-23-8)

DNEL

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 268 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 1723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 136 mg/kg

PNEC

- Fresh water; 10 mg/l
- marine water; 1 mg/l
- Intermittent release; 10 mg/l
- STP; 96 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 22.8 mg/kg
- Sediment (Marinewater); 2.28 mg/kg
- Soil; 2.2 mg/kg

### tert-ALKYL(C12-C14)AMMONIUMBis[1-[2- & [5-(1.1 & .... Mixture EC No 403-720-7 (CAS: 117527-94-3)

DNEL

REACH dossier information.

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.18 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

PNEC

REACH dossier information.

- Fresh water; 0.1 mg/l
- marine water; 0.01 mg/l
- STP; 10 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 0.54 mg/kg
- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.054 mg/kg
- Soil; 0.049 mg/kg

### Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1)

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DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 186 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2420 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l</li> <li>- marine water; 1.06 mg/l</li> <li>- Intermittent release; 21 mg/l</li> <li>- Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg</li> <li>- Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg</li> <li>- Soil; 29.5 mg/kg</li> </ul>

### 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone (CAS: 123-42-2)

DNEL	REACH dossier information. Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 66.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 66.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 9.4 mg/kg/day
PNEC	REACH dossier information. - Fresh water; 2 mg/l - marine water; 0.2 mg/l - Intermittent release; 1 mg/l - STP; 10 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 9.06 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.91 mg/kg - Soil; 0.63 mg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits.
Eye/face protection	Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. For exposure up to 4 hours, wear gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 4 hours. For exposure up to 8 hours, wear gloves made of the following material: Butyl rubber. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 8 hours. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves.
Other skin and body protection	Wear anti-static protective clothing if there is a risk of ignition from static electricity. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contamination.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Black.
Odour	Alcoholic.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point	-114°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.
Initial boiling point and range	~75°C
Flash point	14°C Closed cup. Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 3.3% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 19% Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.
Vapour pressure	5.81 kPa @ 20°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.
Vapour density	> 1
Relative density	0.84 @ 25°C
Solubility(ies)	Miscible with water. Soluble in the following materials: Alcohols.
Partition coefficient	log Pow: -0.35 Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.
Auto-ignition temperature	365°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	2.1 mPa s @ 25°C
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

#### 9.2. Other information

Other information	Not determined.
Molecular weight	Not relevant.
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 86 %.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	See Section 10.3 (Possibility of hazardous reactions) for further information.
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#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
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#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.
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#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
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Skin contact	No specific symptoms known.		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.		
Route of exposure	Ingestion	Inhalation	Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	Central nervous system		

Toxicological information on ingredients.

ethanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC<sub>50</sub> 125.0  
vapours mg/l)

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 125.0

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

N-Propanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> 6,500.0  
mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 6,500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 4,032.0  
mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 4,032.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC<sub>50</sub> 33.8  
vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 33.8

tert-ALKYL(C12-C14)AMMONIUMbis[1-[2- & ]5-(1,1 & ..., Mixture EC No 403-720-7

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. LD<sub>50</sub> > 5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. LD<sub>50</sub> > 2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat

Acetone

## TIJ-52SPRINTING INK

### Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub>) 5,800.0 mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,800.0

### Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub>) 15,700.0 mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 15,700.0

### Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC<sub>50</sub>) 76.0 vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 76.0

### 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

### Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub>) 3,002.0 mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,002.0

### Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. LD<sub>50</sub> > 1875 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat

### Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. LC<sub>50</sub> >= 7.6 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

### ethanol

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish REACH dossier information.  
EC<sub>50</sub>, 200 hours: 3900 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC<sub>50</sub>, 24 hours: 20803 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants NOEC, 7 days: 467 mg/l, Freshwater plants

Acute toxicity - microorganisms IC<sub>50</sub>, 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

Acute toxicity - terrestrial LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: >1 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, Eisenia Fetida (Earthworm)

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### Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early life NOEC, 42 hours: 500 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish) stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates      LC<sub>50</sub>, 4 days: 12070 mg/l, Marinewater invertebrates

### N-Propanol

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish      REACH dossier information.  
LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 4555 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates      REACH dossier information.  
LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants      REACH dossier information.  
NOEC, 48 hours: 1150 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - microorganisms      REACH dossier information.  
IC<sub>50</sub>, 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates      REACH dossier information.  
NOEC, 21 days: >100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

### tert-ALKYL(C12-C14)AMMONIUMBis[1-[2- & [5-(1,1 & ...., Mixture EC No 403-720-7

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish      REACH dossier information.  
LC<sub>50</sub>, 24 hours: > 100 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates      REACH dossier information.  
EC<sub>50</sub>, 24 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants      REACH dossier information.  
EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 0.65 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus

Acute toxicity - microorganisms      REACH dossier information.  
NOEC, 3 hours: > 100 mg/l, Activated sludge

### Acetone

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish      LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)  
LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 11000 mg/l, Marinewater fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates      EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates  
EC<sub>50</sub>, 24 hours: 2100 mg/l, Marinewater invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants      NOEC, 8 hours: 530 mg/l, Freshwater algae

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates      NOEC, 28 days: 2212 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates

### 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish      REACH dossier information.  
LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: > 100 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish)

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Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	REACH dossier information. EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	REACH dossier information. NOEC, 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	REACH dossier information. EC <sub>50</sub> , 3 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge
<b><u>Chronic aquatic toxicity</u></b>	
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	REACH dossier information. NOEC, 21 days: 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.35 Information given is applicable to the major ingredient.

Ecological information on ingredients.

#### ethanol

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.32

#### N-Propanol

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.2

#### tert-ALKYL(C12-C14)AMMONIUMbis[1-[2- & [5-(1,1 & ..., Mixture EC No 403-720-7

Partition coefficient log Pow: < 3.7

#### Acetone

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.24

#### 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.09

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out.

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Disposal methods      Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Only store in correctly labelled containers.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	1210
UN No. (IMDG)	1210
UN No. (ICAO)	1210
UN No. (ADN)	1210

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PRINTING INK
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PRINTING INK
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PRINTING INK
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PRINTING INK

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID classification code	F1
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3
ADN class	3

#### Transport labels



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	II
IMDG packing group	II
ICAO packing group	II
ADN packing group	II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant  
No.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-E, S-D
ADR transport category	2
Emergency Action Code	•3YE
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	33
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code  
Not applicable.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. DNEL: Derived No Effect Level. EC <sub>50</sub> : 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. GHS: Globally Harmonized System. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer. IATA: International Air Transport Association. Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient. LC <sub>50</sub> : Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD <sub>50</sub> : Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level. NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
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Key literature references and sources for data  
Source: European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/> Supplier's information.

Revision comments  
NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date  
19/11/2018

Revision  
1

SDS number  
2060

Hazard statements in full  
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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