

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name WL-810 WASH

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Printing Ink Related Material.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Inkminic Logo Technology (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephon For emergencies call 020-32954560 (24 Hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label information EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

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| Contains | Acetone, Ethyl Acetate |
| Supplementary precautionary statements | <p>P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.</p> <p>P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.</p> <p>P242 Use non-sparking tools.</p> <p>P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.</p> <p>P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.</p> <p>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</p> <p>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</p> <p>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.</p> <p>P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.</p> <p>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</p> <p>P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.</p> <p>P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</p> <p>P405 Store locked up.</p> |

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Endocrine disrupting substances | This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors over 0.1% |
| PBT and vPvB | The product does not contain any substance(s) classified as PBT or vPvB above the threshold of declaration |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Acetone | 70-80% |
| CAS number: 67-64-1 | EC number: 200-662-2 |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 | |
| Ethyl Acetate | 10-20% |
| CAS number: 141-78-6 | EC number: 205-500-4 |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 | |
| ethanol | 10-20% |
| CAS number: 64-17-5 | EC number: 200-578-6 |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 | |

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

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|---------------------|--|
| General information | Get medical attention. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. |
|---------------------|--|

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|----------------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. |
| Ingestion | IF SWALLOWED: Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. |
| Skin contact | IF ON SKIN: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. |
| Eye contact | IF IN EYES: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. |
| Protection of first aiders | First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| General information | See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. |
| Inhalation | A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. |
| Ingestion | Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation. |
| Skin contact | Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. |
| Eye contact | Irritating to eyes. |

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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|----------------------|------------------------|
| Notes for the doctor | Treat symptomatically. |
|----------------------|------------------------|

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

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| Suitable extinguishing media | Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Specific hazards | Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. |
| Hazardous combustion products | Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Carbon monoxide (CO). |

5.3. Advice for firefighters

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|---|--|
| Protective actions during firefighting | Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Flammable/combustible materials. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only non-sparking tools.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep containers upright. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

Ethyl Acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 400 ppm

ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

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Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1)

| | |
|------|---|
| DNEL | Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 186 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2420 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m ³ |
| PNEC | - Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l - marine water; 1.06 mg/l - Intermittent release; 21 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg - Soil; 29.5 mg/kg |

Ethyl Acetate (CAS: 141-78-6)

| | |
|------|--|
| DNEL | REACH dossier information. Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 734 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 1468 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 734 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 1468 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 63 mg/kg/day |
| PNEC | REACH dossier information. - Fresh water; 0.24 mg/l - marine water; 0.024 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 1.15 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 0.115 mg/kg - Soil; 0.148 mg/kg - STP; 650 mg/l |

ethanol (CAS: 64-17-5)

| | |
|------|---|
| DNEL | Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 950 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1900 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg/day |
| PNEC | - Fresh water; 0.96 mg/l - marine water; 0.79 mg/l - Intermittent release; 2.75 mg/l - STP; 580 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 3.6 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 2.9 - Soil; 0.63 mg/kg |

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits.

Eye/face protection

Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn.

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| Hand protection | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Frequent changes are recommended. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Neoprene. Rubber (natural, latex). Laminate of polyethylene and ethylene vinyl alcohol (PE/EVOH). The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. |
| Other skin and body protection | Wear anti-static protective clothing if there is a risk of ignition from static electricity. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contamination. |
| Hygiene measures | Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. |
| Respiratory protection | If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. |
| Environmental exposure controls | Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|--|---|
| Appearance | Liquid. |
| Colour | Clear liquid. |
| Odour | Ketonic. |
| Odour threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not available. |
| Melting point | - 95°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. |
| Initial boiling point and range | ~ 56°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. |
| Flash point | - 17°C Closed cup. Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2.5 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 14.3 % Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. |
| Vapour pressure | 240 hPa @ 20°C 800 hPa @ 50°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. |
| Vapour density | > 1 |
| Relative density | ~ 0.8 @ 25°C |
| Solubility(ies) | Miscible with water. |
| Partition coefficient | log Pow: -0.24 Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 465°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. |
| Decomposition Temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | 0.32 mPa s @ 20°C Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. |
| Explosive properties | Not considered to be explosive. |
| Oxidising properties | Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising. |

9.2. Other information

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| Other information | Not determined. |
| Molecular weight | Not relevant. |

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Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 100 %. This product contains a maximum VOC content of 0.80 kg/l.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See Section 10.3 (Possibility of hazardous reactions) for further information.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Oxidising materials. Acids - oxidising.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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| | |
|--|--|
| Reproductive toxicity - development | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | |
| STOT - single exposure | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Target organs | Central nervous system |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | |
| STOT - repeated exposure | Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure. |
| Aspiration hazard | |
| Aspiration hazard | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. |
| General information | The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. |
| Inhalation | A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect. |
| Ingestion | No specific symptoms known. |
| Skin contact | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| Eye contact | Irritating to eyes. |
| Route of exposure | Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact |
| Target organs | Central nervous system |
| Endocrine disrupting substances | This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors over 0.1% |
| Toxicological information on ingredients. | |

Acetone

Acute toxicity - oral

| | |
|--|---------|
| Acute toxicity oral (LD ₅₀ mg/kg) | 5,800.0 |
| Species | Rat |
| ATE oral (mg/kg) | 5,800.0 |

Acute toxicity - dermal

| | |
|--|----------|
| Acute toxicity dermal (LD ₅₀ mg/kg) | 15,700.0 |
| Species | Rabbit |
| ATE dermal (mg/kg) | 15,700.0 |

Acute toxicity - inhalation

| | |
|---|------|
| Acute toxicity inhalation (LC ₅₀ vapours mg/l) | 76.0 |
| Species | Rat |
| ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) | 76.0 |

Ethyl Acetate

Acute toxicity - oral

| | |
|--|---------|
| Acute toxicity oral (LD ₅₀ mg/kg) | 4,934.0 |
|--|---------|

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| | |
|---|---|
| Species | Rabbit |
| ATE oral (mg/kg) | 4,934.0 |
| <u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> | |
| Notes (dermal LD ₅₀) | LD ₅₀ >20000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit |
| <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> | |
| Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀) | LC ₅₀ >22.5 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat |
| <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> | |
| Reproductive toxicity - fertility | Two-generation study - NOAEL 26400 mg/kg/day, Oral, Mouse P, F1 |
| Reproductive toxicity - development | Embryotoxicity: - NOAEL: >3500 mg/kg/day, Oral, Mouse |
| <u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u> | |
| STOT - repeated exposure | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEC 350 ppm, Inhalation, Rat |
| <u>ethanol</u> | |
| <u>Acute toxicity - oral</u> | |
| Notes (oral LD ₅₀) | REACH dossier information. |
| <u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> | |
| Notes (dermal LD ₅₀) | REACH dossier information. |
| <u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> | |
| Acute toxicity inhalation (LC ₅₀ vapours mg/l) | 125.0 |
| Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀) | REACH dossier information. |
| ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) | 125.0 |
| <u>Carcinogenicity</u> | |
| IARC carcinogenicity | IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans. |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Acetone

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
LC₅₀, 96 hours: 11000 mg/l, Marinewater fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates
EC₅₀, 24 hours: 2100 mg/l, Marinewater invertebrates

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants NOEC, 8 hours: 530 mg/l, Freshwater algae

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOEC, 28 days: 2212 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates

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Ethyl Acetate

Acute aquatic toxicity

| | |
|--|--|
| Acute toxicity - fish | LC50, 96 hours: 230 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | IC50, 48 hours: 346 mg/l, Marinewater invertebrates |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic plants | LC50, 48 hours: 5600 mg/l, Desmodemus subspicatus NOEC, 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus |

Chronic aquatic toxicity

| | |
|--|---|
| Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage | NOEC, 96 hours: <9.65 mg/l, Freshwater fish |
|--|---|

ethanol

Acute aquatic toxicity

| | |
|--|--|
| Acute toxicity - fish | REACH dossier information. EC0, 200 hours: 3900 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish) |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | EC50, 24 hours: 20803 mg/l, Daphnia magna |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic plants | NOEC, 7 days: 467 mg/l, Freshwater plants |
| Acute toxicity - microorganisms | IC50, 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge |
| Acute toxicity - terrestrial | LC50, 48 hours: >1 mg/cm2, Eisenia Fetida (Earthworm) |

Chronic aquatic toxicity

| | |
|--|--|
| Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage | NOEC, 42 hours: 500 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish) |
| Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates | LC50, 4 days: 12070 mg/l, Marinewater invertebrates |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Persistence and degradability | The degradability of the product is not known. |
|-------------------------------|--|

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Bioaccumulative potential | No data available on bioaccumulation. |
| Partition coefficient | log Pow: -0.24 Information given is applicable to the major ingredient. |

Ecological information on ingredients.

Acetone

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| Partition coefficient | log Pow: -0.24 |
|-----------------------|----------------|

Ethyl Acetate

| | |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| Partition coefficient | log Pow: 0.68 |
|-----------------------|---------------|

ethanol

| | |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| Partition coefficient | log Pow: 0.32 |
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12.4. Mobility in soil

| | |
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| Mobility | No data available. |
|----------|--------------------|

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The product does not contain any substance(s) classified as PBT or vPvB above the threshold of declaration

Ecological information on ingredients.

Ethyl Acetate

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Endocrine disrupting substances This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors over 0.1%

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Only store in correctly labelled containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

| | |
|------------------|------|
| UN No. (ADR/RID) | 1210 |
| UN No. (IMDG) | 1210 |
| UN No. (ICAO) | 1210 |
| UN No. (ADN) | 1210 |

14.2. UN proper shipping name

| | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) | PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL |
| Proper shipping name (IMDG) | PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL |
| Proper shipping name (ICAO) | PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL |
| Proper shipping name (ADN) | PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL |

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

| | |
|-----------------------------|----|
| ADR/RID class | 3 |
| ADR/RID classification code | F1 |
| ADR/RID label | 3 |
| IMDG class | 3 |
| ICAO class/division | 3 |
| ADN class | 3 |

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

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| | |
|-----------------------|----|
| ADR/RID packing group | II |
| IMDG packing group | II |
| ADN packing group | II |
| ICAO packing group | II |

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

| | |
|---|----------|
| EmS | F-E, S-D |
| ADR transport category | 2 |
| Emergency Action Code | •3YE |
| Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID) | 33 |
| Tunnel restriction code | (D/E) |

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and
the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used
in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.
LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
REACH: The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577.
SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Key literature references and
sources for data

Source: European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/> Supplier's information.

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|---------------------------|--|
| Revision comments | NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision. |
| Revision date | 03/02/2023 |
| Revision | 3 |
| Supersedes date | 02/11/2022 |
| SDS number | 2200 |
| Hazard statements in full | H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.